Homework No. 02 (Fall 2020)

PHYS 203A: COLLEGE PHYSICS

Department of Physics, Southern Illinois University-Carbondale Due date: Tuesday, 2020 Sep 1, 12.30pm, on D2L

Instructions

- Describe your thought process in detail and organize it clearly. Make sure your answer has the correct units and the right number of significant digits.
- After completion, scan the pages as a single PDF file, and submit the file on D2L (Assessments → Assignments).

Questions

1. (10 points.) Motion of an object moving with uniform velocity is described by the equation

$$x = vt, (1)$$

where x is the position of the object, v is the velocity of the object, and t is time.

- (a) Plot x versus t for $v = 3.0 \,\mathrm{m/s}$.
- (b) Determine the position of the object at t = 0 s, and mark this point on the plot. Repeat this for t = 1.0 s, 2.0 s, 3.0 s, 4.0 s.
- (c) What is the acceleration of the object?
- 2. (10 points.) Motion of an object moving with uniform acceleration, after starting from rest, is described by the equation

$$x = \frac{1}{2}at^2,\tag{2}$$

where x is the position of the object, a is the acceleration of the object, and t is time.

- (a) Plot x versus t for $a = 2.0 \,\mathrm{m/s^2}$.
- (b) Determine the position of the object at t = 0 s, and mark this point on the plot. Repeat this for t = 1.0 s, 2.0 s, 3.0 s, 4.0 s.
- (c) The slope in a position-time plot represents velocity. Using this idea estimate the velocity of the object at t = 2.0 s graphically.
- 3. (10 points.) A motorcycle has a constant acceleration of $2.0 \,\mathrm{m/s^2}$. Both the velocity and acceleration of the motorcycle point in the same direction.

- (a) How much time is required for the motorcycle to change its speed from $10.0\,\mathrm{m/s}$ to $20.0\,\mathrm{m/s}$?
- (b) How much time is required for the motorcycle to change its speed from $20.0\,\mathrm{m/s}$ to $30.0\,\mathrm{m/s}$?
- (c) How much time is required for the motorcycle to change its speed from $30.0\,\mathrm{m/s}$ to $40.0\,\mathrm{m/s}$?
- 4. (10 points.) While standing on a 50.0 m tall building you throw a stone straight upwards at a speed of 15 m/s.
 - (a) How long does the stone take to reach the ground?
 - (b) How high above the building does the stone reach?
- 5. (10 points.) A fish is dropped by a pelican that is rising steadily at a speed 4.0 m/s. Determine the time taken for the fish to reach the water 15.0 m below. How high above the water is the pelican when the fish reaches the water?
- 6. (10 points.) A car is traveling at 10.0 m/s, and the driver sees a traffic light turn red. After 0.500 s (the reaction time), the driver applies the brakes, and the car decelerates at 8.00 m/s². What is the stopping distance of the car, as measured from the point where the driver first sees the red light?
- 7. (10 points.) A speeding car is moving at a constant speed of $v = 80.0 \,\text{miles/hour}$ (35.8 m/s). A police car is initially at rest. As soon as the speeder crosses the police car the cop starts chasing the speeder at a constant acceleration of $a = 2.0 \,\text{m/s}^2$. Determine the time it takes for the cop to catch up with the speeder. Determine the distance traveled by the cop in this time.
- 8. (10 points.) A key falls from a bridge that is 50.0 m above the water. It falls directly into a boat that is moving with constant velocity, that was 10.0 m from the point of impact when the key was released. What is the speed of the boat?